

# IMPLEMENTATION OF SWM RULES



KERALA SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT STATUS  
Compliance of OA 606/2018

## OVERALL WASTE MANAGEMENT STATUS IN THE STATE

Status	As on July 2019	As on July 2020	As on Dec 2021	As on June 2022	As on Oct 2022
Quantity of MSW - BDW and NBW generated (TPD)*	3903	3521	3472	3472	3472
Quantity of MSW NBW Collected (TPD)**		880 (BDW+NBW)	1261	1283	1448
Quantity of MSW NBW segregated & transported (TPD)			1261	1283	1448
Quantity of MSW BDW + NBW processed (TPD)	772.23 (20%)	1837 (52%)	2502 (72%)	2691 (77%)	3205 (92%)
Gap in Solid Waste Management UTs (TPD)	3130.77	1684	970	781	267

# PROCESSING OF WASTE GENERATED

## Measures adopted to overcome the gap in waste management

- ▶ The Kerala Government is making dedicated efforts for reducing the waste management gap in the state, Material Collection facilities (MCF) being an important vehicle of waste management, the state has put a target of establishing **200 nos of MCFs** to address the **plastic waste** collected by the ULBs.
- ▶ As the state achieved 100% door to door collection, in addition to the target nos, **43 nos** of MCF were introduced, making it a total of **243 MCFs**, so that the state could address **all type of non biodegradable waste**, including paper, cardboard, metals, glass, rubber etc, collected by the HKS team, there by bridging the gap in viability of the entire system.
- ▶ Through the detailed Statewide data collection, it has been inferred that, in **65 ULBs** , CKCL authorised waste collection is being carried out presently, for the remaining **28 ULBs**, contract has been ade with private sector for waste collection in a systematic manner.

# PROCESSING OF WASTE GENERATED

## Measures adopted to overcome the gap in waste management

- ▶ The state has consciously taken care for the **management of poultry waste** by encouraging and promoting the investors in private sector for the establishment of rendering plants in the state.
- ▶ The state hosts **40 rendering plants** with a total plant capacity of **738 TPD**, which efficiently helps in the treatment of 20 % (**147 TPD**) of the total poultry waste generated .
- ▶ It is ensured that all vehicles are covered and equipped with **GPS tracking** facility, with a future addition of **hologram embedded security stickers** for efficient waste transportation, and regular monitoring.
- ▶ More than **262 vehicles** that is being used for waste transportation has been fitted with GPS tracking system and they got **registered** under the respective LSGIs.

# PROCESSING OF WASTE GENERATED (URBAN)

## Non biodegradable waste management

### Strategy

- ▶ Segregated waste is collected from door steps and sorted and stored at Mini Material Collection Facilities (MCFs), MCFs. Segregation of plastic is done at the Resource Recovery Facilities (RRFs) which have baling and shredding facilities.
- ▶ Gap to be covered by August 2023

SINo	Status	As on Oct 2022		
		Existing	Target	Gap
i	Number of Mini Material Collection Facilities	898	-	-
ii	Number of MCFs	243	200	-
iii	Number of Resource Recovery Facilities	87	93	6

# PROCESSING OF WASTE GENERATED (RURAL)

## Non biodegradable waste management

### Strategy

- ▶ Segregated waste is collected from door steps and sorted and stored at Mini MCFs, MCFs. Segregation of plastic is done at the RRFs which have baling and shredding facilities.
- ▶ Gap to be covered by June 2023

SINo	Status	As on June 2022		
		Existing	Target	Gap
i	Number of Mini Material collection Facilities	7001	-	-
ii	Number of MCFs	923	941	18
iii	Number of Resource Recovery Facilities	121	152	31

# PROCESSING OF WASTE GENERATED

## Biodegradable waste

### Strategy

- ▶ Decentralized waste management Facilities at Household/Institution/Community Level and centralized windrow compost plants
- ▶ Clean kerala company in position for material management on onward linkages - Tie up with waste processors - for plastic, bottle, chicken waste, metal, electronic waste, etc.
- ▶ Centralized Waste to Energy Plants for overflow waste management to manage existing gap in waste management
- ▶ State has also developed legacy waste management guidelines for monitoring and regulating legacy waste transportation and management.

### Funding sources for waste management

- ▶ For implementing waste management activities in the state, fund is availed through the Swatchh Bharat Mission Urban (SBM-U) Fund, Kerala Solid Waste Management Project (KSWMP) funded by World bank and Suchitwa Keralam plan fund.



# PROCESSING OF WASTE GENERATED

## Sources of fund for waste management continued..

- ▶ All the 93 ULBs of Kerala have put forward the proposal for SWM projects under the Swachh Bharat Mission Urban (SBM-U) fund, a total project cost of Rs 198 crores has been approved by the SLTC, out of which Rs 46.99 crores will be provided by the central ministry for implementation.
- ▶ KSWMP has put forward a total funding of Rs 2100 crores for the SWM projects.
- ▶ For the financial year 2022-23, for sanitation and waste management (SLWM) a total amount of Rs 46 crores has been earmarked under the Suchitwa mission plan fund.
- ▶ In addition to the above, all Urban Local bodies have set apart an earmarked their own fund and 50% of their CFC fund for waste management projects.

## Progress

- ▶ [Details of Biodegradable waste management facilities](#)

### Waste to energy plants - Link

- ▶ Government is in the process of setting up cluster level W2E plants at 8 major cities of the state through KSIDC at Thiruvananthapuram, Kollam, Ernakulam, Thrissur, Palakkad, Malappuram, Kozhikode, Kannur

FACILITY	TYPE OF PLANT	NUMBER	LOCATION	CAPACITY (TPD)
<b>Composting Facilities</b>				
<b>Centralized Plants</b>	<b>WINDROW COMPOSTING PLANT (LARGE)</b>	1	Kochi Corporation	230
		1	Kozhikode Corporation	100
		<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2</b>	
	<b>WINDROW COMPOSTING PLANT (SMALL)</b>	1	Palakkad Municipality	10
		1	Attingal	15
		1	Adoor	1
		1	North Paravur	1
		1	Kothamangalam	4
		1	Chalakydy	2
		1	Irijalakuda	4
		1	Kodungaloor	4
		1	Kunnumkulam	9
		1	Wadakancherry	3
		1	Guruvayoor	5
		1	Chittur Thattamangalam	5
		1	Pattambi	3
		1	Shornur	5
		1	Perinthalmanna	2
		1	Thaliparamba	1.5
		1	Mattanur	2
		1	Ottapalam	5
1	Iritty	2		
1	Kalpetta	4		
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>20</b>		<b>87.5</b>	

FACILITY	TYPE OF PLANT	NUMBER	LOCATION	CAPACITY (TPD)
<b>Centralized Plants</b>	VERMI COMPOSTING PLANT (SMALL)	1	Attingal	0.25
		1	Kattapana	0.5
		1	North Paravur	1
		1	Chavakkad	2
		1	Chalakkudy	0.5
		1	Koothuparamba	1
		1	Perinthalmanna	2
		1	Kuthuparamba	1
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>8</b>		<b>8.25</b>
<b>Community Facility</b>	<b>AEROBIC COMPOSTING UNIT</b>	674		<b>424.78</b>
<b>INSTITUTIONAL FACILITIES</b>	<b>SMALL COMPOSTING DEVICES</b>	28406		<b>13.5</b>
	OWC	1	Angamaly	0.5
		3	Thrissur corporation	16
		1	Kayamkulam	10
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>5</b>		<b>26.5</b>
<b>Household Level</b>	Composting devices	306670		460
	Compost Pits	476530		540
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>783200</b>		<b>1000</b>
<b>COMPOSTING FACILITIES TOTAL</b>		<b>812317</b>		<b>1916.53 TPD</b>

## BIOMETHANATION FACILITIES

FACILITY	TYPE OF PLANT	NUMBER	LOCATION	CAPACITY (TPD)
<b>Centralized Facilities</b>	<b>Large capacity Biogas plants</b>	1	Thodupuzha	8
		1	Manjeri	10
		1	Perinthalmanna	2
		1	Kattappana	5
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>4</b>		<b>25</b>
<b>Community Level</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>111</b>		<b>57</b>
<b>Household Level</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>76800</b>		<b>385</b>
<b>BIOMETHANATION FACILITIES (TOTAL)</b>		76914		<b>466.87</b>
<b>Biodegradable waste processing Capacity (TPD)</b>		<b>2370 TPD</b>		

# PROCESSING OF WASTE GENERATED

## Non biodegradable waste management

### Progress

- ▶ **214** plastic recycling units including small scale plastic granules, chips, product manufacturing industries, **21** Steel mills, **7** kraft paper units are working in the private sector.
- ▶ From RRFs, waste is taken care by Clean Kerala Company Ltd (CKCL) for forward linkage for recycling/scientific disposal
- ▶ **2872.954 MT** of shredded plastic has been used for tarring **5142.92** km of road.
- ▶ Clean kerala Company has forward linked **4146.163** MT RDF has been removed by CKCL, from June to Sep, this year.
- ▶ **4415.40 MT** of rejects has been collected by CKCL from **65** ULBs and 274 rural local bodies from June to Sep, this year.
- ▶ Through Authorized Pvt recyclers **200** TPD waste is processed.

## Rendering plants in Kerala

District	No.of existing plants	Plant capacity (TPD)
Thiruvananthapuram	0	0
Kollam	2	6.5
Pathanamthitta	1	30
Alappuzha	0	0
Kottayam	0	0
Idukki	0	0
Ernakulam	4	135
Thrissur	1	5
Palakkad	7	103.25
Malappuram	19	331.5
Kozhikode	1	60
Wayanad	1	12
Kannur	2	39
Kasargod	2	15
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>737.25</b>

## Rendering plants in Kerala

District	No.of plants proposed	Plant capacity (TPD)	No.of plants under construction	Plant capacity (TPD)
Thiruvananthapuram	2	55	0	0
Kollam	0	0	0	0
Pathanamthitta	1	20	0	0
Alappuzha	0	0	0	0
Kottayam	0	0	1	25
Idukki	1	10	0	0
Ernakulam	0	0	0	0
Thrissur	3	65	1	40
Palakkad	1	10	1	10
Malappuram	2	50	1	1
Kozhikode	0	0	0	0
Wayanad	0	0	0	0
Kannur	0	0	0	0
Kasargod	3	112	0	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>76</b>

# LEGACY WASTE MANAGEMENT

Description	Status
Total number of dumpsites identified	44
Total quantity of waste dumped at identified sites (Tons)	7.51 Lacks
Number of dumpsites remediated till date	18
Quantity of Waste cleared till date (Tons)	2.46 Lacks
Number of dumpsites under remediation	6
Quantity of Waste being remediated (Tons)	2.38 lakhs
Number of dumpsites to be remediated (No)	20
Quantity of Waste to be remediated (Tons)	2.67 lakhs

# LEGACY WASTE DUMPSITES in ULBs

Sl.No	Dumpsites cleared	Sl.No	Dumpsites cleared
1.	Erumakkuzhi, TVM Corporation	10.	Tirur, Malappuram
2.	Palayam, TVM Corporation	11.	Perinthalmanna, Malappuram
3.	Mini Stadium, Pathanamthitta	12.	Kalpetta, Wayanad
4.	Adoor, Pathanamthitta	13.	Malappuram, NEAR INKEL CITY
5.	Pandalam	14.	Manjeri, Malappuram
6.	Kalamassery	15.	Kureepuzha, Kollam
7.	Kodungallur, Thrissur	16.	Koyilandy, Kozhikode
8.	Guruvayoor, Thrissur	17.	Kozhikode River side
9.	Pattambi, Palakkad	18.	Kozhikode, Njaliyan Parabu

## LEGACY WASTE DUMPSITES in ULBs contd....

Sl.No	Dumpsites in which biomining is ongoing
1.	Attingal, Thiruvananthapuram
2.	Brahmapuram, Ernakulam
3.	Kanhangad, Kasargod
4.	Laloor, Thrissur
5.	Chelora, Kannur
6.	Irinjalakkuda, Thrissur

# LEGACY WASTE DUMPSITES in ULBs

<b>Dumpsites at which remediation projects are planning (20 sites)</b>	
Sarvodayapuram Alappuzha	Submitted for TS
Murukkummoodu Kayamkulam	Submitted for DPC approval
Fathimapuram, Changanacherry	Submitted for TS
Vadavathoor, Kottayam	Submitted for TS
Thevarrupara, Erattupetta	Submitted for DPC approval
Puliyannamala, Kattappana	Submitted for TS
Parakadavu, Thodupuzha	Submitted for TS
Kurianmala, Muvattupuzha	Submitted for DPC approval

# LEGACY WASTE DUMPSITES in ULBs

<b>Dumpsites at which remediation projects are planning</b>	
Kumbalathumuri, Kothamangalam	<b>Tendered</b>
Kunnamkulam, Thrissur	Submitted for TS
TKS puram, Kodungallor	Submitted for TS
Chalakkudy, Near take&break	Submitted for DPC approval
Chavakkad,	Tendering
Kumbalangad, Wadakanchery	Submitted for DPC approval
BPL Junction, Koottupatha, Kodumba, Palakkad	Submitted for TS

# LEGACY WASTE DUMPSITES in ULBs

<b>Dumpsites at which remediation projects are planning</b>	
Ottapalam, Panamanna	Submitted for DPC approval
Moorikkovval, Payyannur	Submitted for TS
Karithurparamba, Mattannur	Submitted for DPC approval
Palapparamba, Kuthuparambu	Submitted for TS
Punnoolpetty palam, Thalassery	Submitted for TS
Kelugudde, Kasargod	Submitted for TS

## STRATEGY ADOPTED FOR BIOREMEDIATION

- ▶ Out of the 44 dumpsites presently in the state, 18 sites have been cleared, i.e a total of **159995.090 tonnes** of waste has been removed.
- ▶ The work of 26 dumpsite remediation is being planned which on completion will help clearing about **5.06 lakhs tonnes** of waste in total.
- ▶ For 26 sites fund has been earmarked under the Swatchh bharat Urban scheme.
- ▶ For the local bodies, lacking plan fund it is planned that the KSWMP fund is made available.

# Legacy waste management

Drone image of Kureepuzha dumpsite before and after removing vegetative cover (KOLLAM CORPORATION)



# Legacy Waste Management



Before



After

# MUNNAR GRAMA PANCHAYAT

Before



After



# BIOMINING- KOZHIKODE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION



Before



After

# Trivandrum Corporation - Erumakkuzhy



# Vadakarapathy GP



Before



After

# Kodungallur Before & after



# Perinthalmanna Municipality-Malappuram Before & After



# A smart update for waste collectors

Aswin.JKumar@timesgroup.com

Thiruvananthapuram: Haritha Karma Sena (HKS) workers are fast becoming a state's resource as they are equipped with smart phones to handle 'Haritha mithram smart garbage monitoring app', thus addressing data collection related to waste management in the state



Haritha Karma Sena workers are being equipped with smart phones to handle 'Haritha mithram smart garbage monitoring app', thus addressing data collection related to waste management in the state

on what the app entails and to facilitate registration. This is a joint effort of the department and the Suchitwa Kerala mission. Haritha Keralam mission, Kudumbashree, and other NGOs are working together to completely eradicate waste from the state.

## Strides in poultry waste treatment with 40 rendering plants on stream

The plants function across 10 districts in public-private partnership mode; facility to be set up in the remaining four districts in a year. The government is now implementing a system to ensure that chicken waste reaches these plants

S.R.Praveen  
THIRUVANANTHAPURAM

Efficient handling of poultry waste has long been cited as the cause for problems from pollution of water bodies to increase in the population in the area.

Major strides have been made by the government department and the Suchitwa Kerala mission in the past two years to address the issue of poultry waste rendering across 10 districts.



The chicken waste rendering plant at Mattannur in Kannur

The government is now implementing a system to ensure that chicken waste reaches these plants. The poultry shop owners should either have a facility to process the waste produced or hand the waste to those running the rendering plant in the area. The maximum fee for rendering has been fixed at ₹7 per kilogram. All the plants have refrigerated vehicles for collecting the waste," says K.T. Balabhaskaran, executive director, Suchitwa Mission.

1,080 tonnes of waste According to the Suchitwa Mission's estimates, 1,080 tonnes per day of chicken waste is produced from across the state. The 40 plants that have been set up are now becoming functional across the state.

process as much as 75% of this waste. The first of the plants was set up on an experimental basis in Pappinisseri in Kannur in 2019. With the model found to be successful, the Local Government department issued detailed guidelines for licensing poultry meat stalls and poultry rendering plants in October 2021, after which

more plants were set up in other districts. Currently, Puzha are the districts to work on a plant in Thiruvananthapuram is ongoing.

### Monitoring panels

District-level facilitation and monitoring committees, headed by the Collectors, have been set up to ensure the viability of the plants before sanctioning. A sufficient supply of waste in some places, the plant owners are lowering the collection fee so that they would get more waste. The government is mainly playing the role of a facilitator, with the local bodies, land for the plant. Due to some areas also providing additional financial burden on the local bodies," says G. Jothish Chandran, Director (Solid Waste Management), Suchitwa Mission.

in the state, the situation and hold le... no make regula... data ma... nce they r... ily work r... le factual in... generation and... e of the first... them were using... ing smart phones... of accurate and... t data have always

# വരമാലിന്യശേഖരണം ക്യാം.ആർ.കോഡിൽ തുടങ്ങിയത്



# തിരളപ്പുഴ 376 തദ്ദേശസ്വയംഭരണങ്ങളിൽ  
# 59 നഗരസഭകൾ, 313 ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകൾ



# അനുബന്ധമായി വിലക്കിട്ട് മാർച്ചിൽ കോഡ് പരിഷ്കരിച്ചു

കോഡ് പരിഷ്കരണം ഉത്തരവ് പുറപ്പെടുവിച്ചു. കോഡ് പരിഷ്കരണം സംബന്ധിച്ചുള്ള സെലക്ഷൻ കമ്മിറ്റി കോഡ് പരിഷ്കരണത്തിന് അനുബന്ധമായി വിലക്കിട്ടു. മാർച്ചിൽ കോഡ് പരിഷ്കരിച്ചു. കോഡ് പരിഷ്കരണം സംബന്ധിച്ചുള്ള സെലക്ഷൻ കമ്മിറ്റി കോഡ് പരിഷ്കരണത്തിന് അനുബന്ധമായി വിലക്കിട്ടു.





# മാലിന്യവണ്ടികൾക്ക് പ്രത്യേക സുരക്ഷാകോഡുള്ള സ്റ്റിക്കർ

എം.കെ. സുരേഷ് തിരുവനന്തപുരം

സെപ്റ്റിക് ടാങ്ക് മാലിന്യം തള്ളുന്നതിന് തടയീടും

സ്റ്റിക്കറായി വിഷ്ണു വാഹനങ്ങളിൽ പതിപ്പിച്ചിരിക്കുക. ശുചിത്വമിഷനാണ് സുരക്ഷാകോഡ് സംവിധാനം ഒരു



വാഹനങ്ങളെ ത്വരിതാൽ ട്രെയ്ലറോടുകൂടി പ്രത്യേക റോഡ് റിപ്പോർട്ടിംഗ് നൽകുന്ന ലേൺ ട്രെയ്ലറാണ് സെപ്റ്റിക് മാലിന്യം വഹിക്കാനുള്ളത്.

കൂടുതൽ മാലിന്യം ശേഖരിക്കുന്ന എല്ലാ വാഹനങ്ങളെയും നിരീക്ഷിക്കാൻ സംവിധാനം ഒരുമാസത്തനകം നടപ്പാക്കും. ശേഖരിച്ച മാലിന്യം റോഡുകൾക്കും ജലാശയങ്ങളിലും തള്ളുന്നതിന് തടയുന്ന നിയമം പുറപ്പെടുവിക്കുകയും ചെയ്യും.

വാഹനങ്ങളിൽ മാലിന്യം വഹിക്കുന്നവർക്ക് പ്രത്യേക സ്റ്റിക്കറുണ്ട്. ഇത് വാഹനങ്ങളിൽ പതിപ്പിക്കുന്നതിനാണ് സുരക്ഷാകോഡ്. ഇത് വാഹനങ്ങളിൽ പതിപ്പിക്കുന്നതിനാണ് സുരക്ഷാകോഡ്.

26/10/2022 IRITTY Pg 05

# മാലിന്യത്തിൽനിന്ന് ചേലോട് സ്വാതന്ത്ര്യം നേടുന്നു



ചേലോട് ചേലോട് സ്വാതന്ത്ര്യം നേടുന്നു. 60 വർഷമായി ചേലോട് നിൽക്കുന്ന മാലിന്യം തുടങ്ങി.

ബയോമെനിസ് വഴി മാലിന്യം ശുചിത്വമായി തരികാൻ നിശ്ചയിച്ചു. 1.23,822 ക്യൂബിക് മീറ്റർ മാലിന്യമാണ് ഇവിടെയുള്ളത്.

ചേലോട് മാലിന്യം വഹിക്കുന്നവർക്ക് പ്രത്യേക സ്റ്റിക്കറുണ്ട്. ഇത് വാഹനങ്ങളിൽ പതിപ്പിക്കുന്നതിനാണ് സുരക്ഷാകോഡ്.

മാലിന്യം വേർതിരിക്കാൻ സിക്രിൻ മെഷീൻ

പ്രവൃത്തി ഉദ്ദേശ്യം

മേയർ അഡ്വ. ടി.കെ. മോഹനൻ പ്രവൃത്തി ഉദ്ദേശ്യം ചെയ്യും. 60 വർഷമായി ചേലോട് നിൽക്കുന്ന മാലിന്യം തുടങ്ങി. ബയോമെനിസ് വഴി മാലിന്യം ശുചിത്വമായി തരികാൻ നിശ്ചയിച്ചു. 1.23,822 ക്യൂബിക് മീറ്റർ മാലിന്യമാണ് ഇവിടെയുള്ളത്. ചേലോട് മാലിന്യം വഹിക്കുന്നവർക്ക് പ്രത്യേക സ്റ്റിക്കറുണ്ട്. ഇത് വാഹനങ്ങളിൽ പതിപ്പിക്കുന്നതിനാണ് സുരക്ഷാകോഡ്.

THANK

YOU